

Logarithmic Amplifier.

$$I_e = I_{be0} \left(e^{\frac{V_{be}}{V_t}} \right)$$

$$I_c = \alpha I_e$$

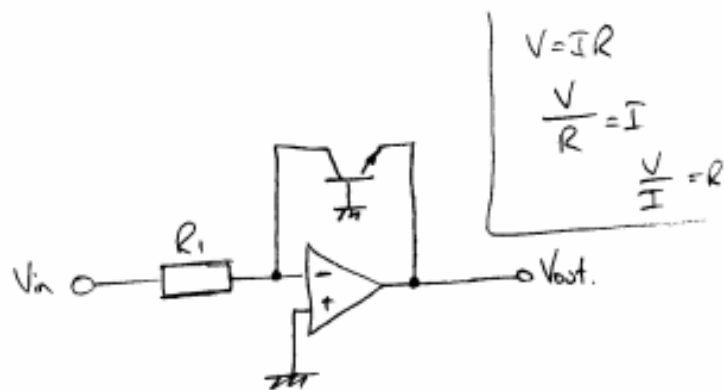
$$I_c = \alpha I_{be0} \left(e^{\frac{V_{be}}{V_t}} \right)$$

$$V_t = \frac{kT}{q}$$

$$I_{e1} = \frac{V_{in}}{R_1}$$

$$I_c = I_{e1}$$

$$V_{be} = -V_{out}$$



$$\frac{V_{in}}{R_1} = \alpha I_{be0} \left(e^{\frac{-V_{out}}{V_t}} \right)$$

$$\frac{V_{in}}{R_1 \alpha I_{be0}} = e^{\frac{-V_{out}}{V_t}}$$

$$\log \left(\frac{V_{in}}{R_1 \alpha I_{be0}} \right) = \frac{-V_{out}}{V_t}$$

$$V_t \cdot \log \left(\frac{V_{in}}{R_1 \alpha I_{be0}} \right) = -V_{out}$$

Exponential Amplifier

$$I_e = I_{e0} \left(e^{\frac{V_{be}}{V_t}} \right)$$

$$I_c = \alpha I_e$$

$$I_c = \alpha I_{e0} \left(e^{\frac{V_{be}}{V_t}} \right)$$

$$V_{be} = -V_{in}$$

$$I_{e1} = \frac{V_{out}}{R_1}$$

$$I_c = I_{e1}$$

$$\frac{V_{out}}{R_1} = \alpha I_{e0} \left(e^{\frac{-V_{in}}{V_t}} \right)$$

$$V_{out} = R_1 \alpha I_{e0} \left(e^{\frac{-V_{in}}{V_t}} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} V &= IR \\ \frac{V}{R} &= I \\ \frac{V}{I} &= R \end{aligned}$$

